# Streamlet: <br> Textbook Streamlined Blockchains 

Benjamin Chan<br>Cornell University

Joint work with Elaine Shi
cbr.stanford.edu/sbc20/

# "Simplifying Consensus" 

Benjamin Chan<br>Cornell University

Joint work with Elaine Shi

1. Modeling consensus (5min)
2. Motivating simplicity as a goal (a few seconds)
3. Our protocol (20min)
4. Modeling consensus (5min)
5. Motivating simplicity as a goal (a few seconds)
6. Our protocol (20min)

## Goal: walk away

1. Modeling consensus (5min)
2. Motivating simplicity as a goal (a few seconds)
3. Our protocol (20min)

Goal: walk away
and understand a consensus protocol

## What is consensus?

## What insus? Modeling Blockchain

## Modeling Blockchain





## Modeling Blockchain

- Some known set of users
- "permissioned"



## Modeling Blockchain

Why the permissioned setting?

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Answer: Proof-of-Stake


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Different setting than
PoW!!

$\square$

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Answer: Proof-of-Stake
Different setting than
PoW!! (true finality, speed, partition-resistant)

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- Each user maintains ordered chain of blocks



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## Modeling Blockchain

- Some known set of users
- "permissioned"
- Each user maintains ordered chain of blocks

- Consistency: Everyone sees a prefix of the same chain!



## Modeling Blockchain

- Some known set of users
- "permissioned"
- Each user maintains ordered chain of blocks

- Consistency
- Liveness



## Modeling Blockchain

- Some known set of users
- "permissioned"
- Each user maintains ordered chain of blocks

- Consistency
- Liveness: must be able to confirm new blocks


Introducing adversaries


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- Malicious users



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- Malicious users
- Messages may be lost, delayed, reordered



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...but can we eliminate
- Hotstuff
the subtleties?
- Pala


## Motivating Simpler Consensus Protocols

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- Simpler Implementation


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- Fewer Bugs


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A "Simplest Possible",
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Textbook Consensus Protocol (Blockchain)

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Two Assumptions:

1. Epochs

Processes have local clocks, and run in synchronized* epochs of 1 sec each.

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Processes have local clocks, and run in synchronized* epochs of 1 sec each.
2. Elect a leader in each epoch, known by all
i.e. randomly chosen, given epoch $e$
$L_{e}=H(e) \bmod n$

## Assumptions:

- (Synchronized*) epochs of length 1 sec
- Each epoch has random leader


## Definitions

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pointer to parent block


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Epoch number in which block was 'proposed'

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Definitions:
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2/3 processes

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creates a new block $b=\left(H\left(b^{\prime}\right), e, t \times s\right)$ extending longest notarized chain they've seen so far

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- voters,
signs first proposal $b$ (from leader, for $e$ )
i.f.f. $b$ extends a longest notarized chain seen so far (by voter)


## The Streamlet Protocol

## finalization rule:

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Definitions:
$\square \quad$ Block $b=\left(H\left(b^{\prime}\right), e\right.$, txs $)$
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2/3 processes chop off the last block, and finalize

## Example

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$\square$ leader proposes $b=\left(H\left(b^{\prime}\right), e\right.$, txs $)$ extending longest notarized chain they've seen
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 Liveness: synchrony assumptions, expected $\mathrm{O}(1)$ rounds!In every epoch $e=1,2, \ldots$
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## Allows two notarized blocks at the same height!



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## Allows two notarized blocks at the same height! (usually)



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finalize any notarized chain ending with 3 consecutive epochs, chopping off last block


## Possible

## Impossible



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$\square$ Multiple notarized blocks within epoch $=4 n / 3$ votes.
- Letting $\mathrm{f}<\mathrm{n} / 3$, we have (at best) $2 n / 3+2 f<4 n / 3$ votes to go around.


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Now, the main lemma...

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Case $X>7$ :

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4 processes, 3 honest, 1 malicious Require 3 votes to notarize

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Case X > 7: Signed 7, then X-><-
(can add a new notarized block at the same height as an existing notarized block, but never in the past)

## Consistency Sketch



## Lemma 1: Each epoch is associated with at most one notarized block.

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## No synchrony assumptions!

## Consistency Recap (Intuitive)



1. Can't rewrite history
2. One block per epoch
3. Demonstrate sudden chain growth

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## Liveness?



We need many good leaders in a row

## Liveness?



## We need many good leaders in a row

- Random leaders: get lucky
- Stable leader mechanism
- Not bad!



## Recap

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Eprint: ia.cr/2020/088

## Questions?

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